

service providers, and lists the names and telephone numbers of the victim-witness coordinator or specialist and other key officials. A victim must be informed of—

- (a) His or her rights as enumerated in 18 U.S.C. § 3771(a).
- (b) His or her right entitlement, on request, to the services listed in 42 U.S.C. § 10607(c).
- (c) The name, title, business address, and telephone number of the responsible official to whom such a request for services should be addressed.
- (d) The place where the victim may receive emergency medical or social services.
- (e) The availability of any restitution or other relief (including crime victim compensation programs) to which the victim may be entitled under this or any other applicable law and the manner in which such relief may be obtained.
- (f) Public and private programs that are available to provide counseling, treatment, and other support to the victim.

....

- (i) The availability of services for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking.
- (j) The option of being included in VNS.
- (k) Available protections from intimidation and harassment.

....

(3) Notice during the investigation. During the investigation of a crime, a responsible official shall provide the victim with the earliest possible notice concerning—

- (a) The status of the investigation of the crime, to the extent that it is appropriate and will not interfere with the investigation.
- (b) The arrest of a suspected offender.

B. Prosecution Stage

The prosecution stage begins when charges are filed and continues through postsentencing legal proceedings, including appeals and collateral attacks.