## B. The Victims' Rights and Restitution Act of 1990 (VRRA), 34 U.S.C. § 20141, Services to Victims (formerly cited as 42 USCA § 10607)

## (b) Identification of victims

At the earliest opportunity after the detection of a crime at which it may be done without interfering with an investigation, a responsible official shall—

- (1) identify the victim or victims of a crime;
- (2) inform the victims of their right to receive, on request, the services described in subsection (c); and
- (3) inform each victim of the name, title, and business address and telephone number of the responsible official to whom the victim should address a request for each of the services described in subsection (c).

## (c) Description of services

- (1) A responsible official shall—
  - (A) inform a victim of the place where the victim may receive emergency medical and social services;
  - (B) inform a victim of any restitution or other relief to which the victim may be entitled under this or any other law and manner in which such relief may be obtained;
  - (C) inform a victim of public and private programs that are available to provide counseling, treatment, and other support to the victim; and
  - (D) assist a victim in contacting the persons who are responsible for providing the services and relief described in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C).
- (2) A responsible official shall arrange for a victim to receive reasonable protection from a suspected offender and persons acting in concert with or at the behest of the suspected offender.
- (3) During the investigation and prosecution of a crime, a responsible official shall provide a victim the earliest possible notice of—
  - (A) the status of the investigation of the crime, to the extent it is appropriate to inform the victim and to the extent that it will not interfere with the investigation;
  - (B) the arrest of a suspected offender;
  - (C) the filing of charges against a suspected offender;
  - (D) the scheduling of each court proceeding that the witness is either required to attend or, under section 10606(b)(4) of Title 42, is entitled to attend;
  - (E) the release or detention status of an offender or suspected offender;
  - (F) the acceptance of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere or the rendering of a verdict after trial; and
  - (G) the sentence imposed on an offender, including the date on which the offender will be eligible for parole.